



<u>Fill Your Own Cup Year Two - Omer Series – Moshe's Leadership</u> Session IV: Moshe and His Siblings

I. Miriam and Moshe

1) Exodus 2:1 - 10

- 1) A certain man of the house of Levi went and married a Levite woman.
- 2) The woman conceived and bore a son; and when she saw how beautiful he was, she hid him for three months.
- 3) When she could hide him no longer, she got a wicker basket for him and caulked it with bitumen and pitch. She put the child into it and placed it among the reeds by the bank of the Nile.
- 4) And his sister stationed herself at a distance, to learn what would befall him.
- 5) The daughter of Pharaoh came down to bathe in the Nile, while her maidens walked along the Nile. She spied the basket among the reeds and sent her slave girl to fetch it.
- 6) When she opened it, she saw that it was a child, a boy crying. She took pity on it and said, "This must be a Godbrew child."
- 7) Then his sister said to Pharaoh's daughter, "Shall I go and get you a Godbrew nurse to suckle the child for you?"
- 8) And Pharaoh's daughter answered, "Yes." So the girl went and called the child's mother.
- 9) And Pharaoh's daughter said to her, "Take this child and nurse it for me, and I will pay your wages." So the woman took the child and nursed it
- 10) When the child grew up, she brought him to Pharaoh's daughter, who made him her son. She named him Moses, explaining, "I drew him out of the water."

שמות ב:א-י

- א) נַיָּלֶךְ אָישׁ מִבֵּית לֵוֶי נַיַּקַח אֶת־בַּת־לֵוְי:
- ב) נתַּהַר הָאִשָּׁה נַתַּלֶּד בֵּן נַתְּרָא אֹתוֹ כִּי־טְוֹב הוא וַתִּצְפָּנָהוּ שָׁלשַׁה יִרְחִים:
- ג) וְלֹא־יָכְלֶה עוֹד הַצְּפִינוֹ וַתְּקְּח־לוֹ תַּבַת גֹמֶא וַמַּחְמְרָה בַחֵּמֶר וּבַזָּפֶת וַתָּשֶׁם בָּהֹ אֶת־הֹּיֶּלֶד וַתַּשֵּׁם בַּסִּוּף עַל־שִּׁפַת הַיָּאִר:
- ד) נַתַּתַצָּב אֲחֹתָוֹ מֵרֶחֶק לְדַעֶּה מַה־יֵּעְשֶׂה לְוֹ:
- ה) נַתָּרֶד בַּת־פּרְעֹה לֹרְחָץ עַל־הַיָאר וְנַעֲרֹתֶיהָ הֹלְלָת עַל־יַד הַיְאֵר נַתְּרָא אֶת־הַתַּבָּה בְּתְוֹךְ הֹפֹּוּף נִתִּשָׁלַת אֶת־אֵמַתָּה נַתִּקְחָהָ
- ו) וַתִּפְתַּחֹ וַתִּרְאֲהוּ אֶת־הַיֶּּלֶד וְהִנֵּה־נַעַר בּּכֶה וַתַּחְמָל עַלָּיו וַתִּאמֶר מִיּלְדֵי הַעִּרָרִים זֶה:
- ז) וַתַּאֹמֶר אֲחֹתוֹ אֶל־בַּת־פַּרְעֹהֹ הַאֵּלֵּךְ וְקַרָאתִי לָךְ אִשָּׁה מֵינֶּקֶת מֶן הָעבְרִיֻּת וְתֵינֵק לַדְּ אֵת־הַיַּלֶד:
- ח) נַתְּאֹמֶר־לָה בַּת־פַּרְעָה לֻכִי נַתַּלְדְּ הָעַלְמָּה נַתְּקָרָא אָת־אָם הַיֵּלֶד:
- ט) וַתְּאֹמֶר לֶהְ בַּתרפַּרְעֹה הֵילִיכִי אֶתרהַיֶּלֶד הזָה וְהִינִקָהוּ לִּי וַאָנֵי אֶתַּן אֶתרשְׁכָרֶדְ וַתִּקְּח הַאִּשֵׁה הַיֵּלִד וַתִּנִיקָהוּ:
- י) נִיגְדֵּל הַנֶּלֶד נַתְּבָאֵהוּ לְבַת־פַּרְעֹה נַיְהִי־לָהּ לְבֵן נַתִּקָרָא שְׁמוֹ מֹשֶׁה נַתִּאמֶר כִּי מִן־הַמֵּיִם משׁיתדוּ:

II. Aaron and Moshe

which you shall perform the signs."

2) Exodus 4:10 – 17

- 10) But Moshe said to the Lord, "Please, O Lord, I have never been a man of words, either in times past or now that You have spoken to Your servant; I am slow of speech and slow of tongue."
- 11) And Godsaid to him, "Who gives man speech? Who makes him dumb or deaf, seeing or blind? Is it not I, the Lord?
- 12) Now go, and I will be with you as you speak and will instruct you what to say." 13) But he said, "Please, O Lord, make someone else Your agent." 14) God became angry with Moshe, and God said, "There is your brother Aharon the Levite. God, I know, speaks readily. Even now he is setting out to meet you, and he will be happy in heart to see you. 15) You shall speak to him and put the words in his mouth I will be with your mouth and with his mouth, and tell both of you what to do —16) and he shall speak for you to the people. Thus he shall serve as your spokesman, with you playing the role of God to him, 17) And take with you this rod, with

שמות פרק ד

י וַיּאֹמֶר מֹשֶׁה אֶל-יְהוָה, בִּי אֲדֹנִי, לֹא אִישׁ דְּכָרִים אָנֹכִי גַּם מִתְּמוֹל גַּם מִשִּׁלְשׁׁם, גַּם מֵאָז דַּבֶּרְדְּ אֶל-עַבְדָּדְּ: כִּי כְבַד-כָּה וּכְבַד לְשׁוֹן, אָנֹכִי. יֹא וַיֹּאמֶר יְהוָה אַלִיו, מִי שָׁם כָּה לָאָדָם, אוֹ מִי-יָשׁוּם אַלֵּם, אוֹ חַרֵשׁ אוֹ פִקּחַ אוֹ עַנִר--הַלֹא אָנֹכִי, יִהוָה. יֹב (עַתַּה, לֶדְ; וַאַנֹכִי אָהֵיָה עַם-פִּידָּ,

יְהוָה. יב וְעַהָּה, לַךְּ; וְאָנֹכִי אֶהְיֶה עִם-פִּיךּ,
וְהוֹרֵיתִיךּ אֲשֶׁר תְּדַבֵּר. יג וַיֹּאמֶר, בִּי אֲדֹנָי; שְׁלַחנָא, בְּיֵד-תִּשְׁלָח. יד וַיִּחַר-אַף יְהוָה בְּמֹשֶׁה, וַיֹּאמֶר
הַלֹּא אַהֲרֹן אָחִיךּ הַלֵּוִי--יָדַעְתִּי, כִּי-דַבֵּר יְדַבֵּר
הוֹא; וְגַם הַּנָּה-הוֹא יֹצֵא לְקְרָאתֶדּ, וְרָאֲדּ וְשָׁמַח
הוֹא; וְגַם הַנָּה-הוֹא יֹצֵא לְקְרָאתֶדּ, וְרָאֲדּ וְשָׁמַח
בְּלְבוֹּ. טוֹ וְדְבַּרְתָּ אֵלִיו, וְשֹׁמְתָּ אֶת-הַדְּבָרִים בְּפִיו;
וְאָנֹכִי, אֶהְיֶה עִם-פִּידּ וְעִם-פִּיהוּ, וְהוֹרֵיתִי אֶתְכֶם,
וְאָנֹכִי, אֶהְיֶה הוֹא יִהְיֶה-לִּדְ לְּבֶּה, וְאַמָּה תִּהְיָה-לוֹ
לִאלֹהִים. יוֹנְאֶת-הַמַּשֶּׁה הַזָּה, תִּקַּח בְּיָדֶדָּ, אֲשֶׁר
תַּעֲשֶׂה-בּוֹ, אֶת-הָאֹתֹת.



III.Moshe, Miriam and Aaron

3) Numbers 12

Miriam and Aaron spoke against Moses because of the Cushite woman he had married: "He married a Cushite woman!" They said, "Has God spoken only through Moses? Has God not spoken through us as well?" God heard it. Now Moses was very humble, more so than any other person on earth. Suddenly God called to Moses, Aaron, and Miriam, "Come out, you three, to the Tent of Meeting." So the three of them went out. God came down in a pillar of cloud, stopped at the entrance of the Tent, and called out, "Aaron and Miriam!" The two of them came forward; and God said, "Hear these My words: When a prophet of God arises among you, I make Myself known to him in a vision, I speak with him in a dream. Not so with My servant Moses; he is trusted throughout My household. With him I speak mouth to mouth, plainly and not in riddles, and he beholds the likeness of the LORD. How then did you not shrink from speaking against My servant Moses!" Still incensed with them, God departed. As the cloud withdrew from the Tent, there was Miriam stricken with snow-white scales! When Aaron turned toward Miriam, he saw that she was stricken with scales. And Aaron said to Moses, "O my lord, account not to us the sin which we committed in our folly. Let her not be as one dead, who emerges from his mother's womb with half his flesh eaten away." So Moses cried out to God, saying, "O God, pray heal her!"

במדבר י״ב

וַתְּדַבֶּר מִרָיָם וַאַהָרן בִּמֹשֶׁה עַל־אֹדֵוֹת הַאִּשָׁה הַכַּשִׁית אַשֵּׁר לַקָּח כִּי־אִשַּׁה כַשִּׁית לַקָּח: וַיֹּאמָרוּ הַרָק אַדְ־בָּמֹשֶׁהֹ דְבֵּר יִהוַה הַלְּא גַּם־בַּנוּ דְבֵּר וַיִּשְׁמַע יְהוֶה: וְהָאָישׁ מֹשֶׁה ענו [עָנֵיו] מְאָֹד מִכּׁל הָאָלָם אֲשֶׁר עַל־פָּגֵי הָאֲדָמָה: (ס) וַיּאמֶר יִהוַה פָּתִאֹם אֵל־מֹשֵׁה וָאֱל־אַהָּרֹן וָאֱל־מְרִיָּם צָאָוּ שָׁלַשָּׁתָּכָם אֱל־אָהֶל מוֹעֵד וַיַּצָאָוּ שְׁלַשְׁתַּם: וַיֵּרֵד יִהוַהֹ בִּעַמִּוּד עַבַּן וַיַּעַמִּד פַּתַח הַאָּהֵל וַיִּקְרַא אַהָרן וּמִרלָם וַיַּצְאָוּ שְׁנֵיהֶם: וַיָּאמֶר שָׁמְעוּ־נָא דְבָרָי אָם־יִהְיֶה נְבִיאֲכֶּם יִהנָה בַּמַרָאַה אַלַיו אָתְנַדָּע בַּחַלְוֹם אַדַבֵּר־כָּוֹ: לא־כֵן עַבִדִּי מֹעֻה בִּכַל־בֵּיתִי נָאֱמֵן הְוּא: פָה אֵל־פָּה אֲדַבֵּר־בוֹ וּמַרָאֵה וֹלְא בְחִידֹת וּתִמַנַת יָהוָה יַבֶּיט וּמַדּוּעַ לְא יְרֵאתֶּם לְדַבֵּר בְּעַבְדִּי בְמֹשֶה: ניַסר אַף יָהנֵה בַּם ניַלַךְ: וָהֶעַנַן סָר מָעֵל הַאָּהֶל וָהָנֵה מָרַיָם מְצַרַעַת כַּשַּׁלָג נַיָּפַן צַהַרָן אֶל־מִריָם וְהִנֵּה מְצֹרָעַת: וַיָּאמֵר אַהַרָן אֵל־מֹשֵׁה בֵּי אַדֹנִי אַל־נַא תַשֵׁת עַלֵינוּ ַחַפַּאת אַשֵּׁר נוֹאַלְנוּ נַאֲשֵׁר חָטֵאנוּ: אַל־נֵא תָהָי כַּמֵּת אֲשֶׁר בִּצָאתוֹ מֵרֶחֶם אִמֹּוֹ וַיֵּאָכֵל חֲצֵי

4) Sifrei Bamidbar

And Miriam and Aharon began to talk against Moshe - as she initiated the conversation, the text mentions her first.

How did Miriam know that Moshe had separated from his wife [Tzipporah]? R. Natan answered: Miriam was with Tzipporah when it was told to Moshe, "Eldad and Meidad are prophesying in the camp" (11:27).

When Tzipporah heard this, she exclaimed, "Woe to their wives if they have anything to do with prophecy, for they will separate from their wives just as my husband separated from me!" From this cry, Miriam learned about it, and she told it to Aharon. Now, if Miriam, who did not intend to disparage him, was nonetheless punished severely, how much more so one who deliberately speaks in a disparaging manner about their fellow!

ספרי במדבר

ותדבר מרים ואהרן. הִיא פָּתְחָה בְדְּבּוּר מְּחִלָּה, לְפִיכָךְ הִקְדִּימָה הַכָּתוּב, וּמִנֵּין הָיְתָה יוֹדַעַת מִרְיָם שֶׁפֵּרֵשׁ מֹשֶׁה מִן האִשֹׁה?

וַיִּצְעַק מֹשֶׁה אֵל־יִהוָה לַאמָר אֵל נָא רְפַא נָא לָה:

רַבִּי נָתָן אוֹמֵר מִרְיָם הָיְתָה רְצֵד צְפּוֹרָה בְּשָׁעָה שֶׁנֶּאֱמֵר לְמֹשֶׁה אֶלְדָּד וּמֵידָד מִתְנַבְּאִים בַּמַּחֲנֶה, כֵּיוָן שֶׁשָׁמְעָה צִפּוֹרָה, אָמְרָה אוֹי לְנְשׁוֹתֵיהֶן שֶׁל אֵלוּ אִם הָם נִזְקַקִים לְנְבוּאָה, שֶׁיּהִיוּ פּוֹרְשִׁין מִנְּשׁוֹתֵיהֶן כְּדֶרְךְ שֶׁבֵּרִשׁ בַּעְלִי מְמֶנִי, וּמִשֶּׁם יָדְעָה מִרְיָם וְהִגִּידָה לְאַהְרֹן; וּמַה מְרְיָם שֶׁלֹּא נִתְכַּוְּנָה לְגְנוּתוֹ כָּךְ נֶעְנְשָׁה, קַל וַחֹמֵר לְמַסְפֶּר בַּגִנוּתוֹ שֵׁל חַבֵּרוֹ:

5) Avot De-Rabbi Natan 9:2

And Miriam and Aharon began to talk against Moshe — Why is Miriam mentioned first?

This teaches that Tzipporah went and told Miriam, and then Miriam went and told Aaron. And the two of them spoke against Moshe. And since they spoke against this Tzaddik, punishments came to them as it says:

אבות דרבי נתן ט:ב

ותדבר מרים ואהרן במשה למה הקדים הכתוב מרים לאהרן? מלמד שהלכה צפורה ושחה לה למרים הלכה מרים ושחה לו לאהרן עמדו שניהם ודברו בצדיק ההוא מתוך שעמדו שניהם ודברו בצדיק בא עליהם את הפורענות שנאמר (שם) "ויחר אך ה' בם וילך מה"



"And the Eternal became angry with them, and departed." What do we learn from "and departed"? This teaches us that God departed from Aaron and attached to Miriam, because Aaron was not as engaged as Miriam in spreading slanderous words around, so she was (immediately) punished more

Miriam said: The Divine Word came to me, yet I did not separate from my husband. Aharon said: The Divine Word came to me, yet I did not separate from my wife. The Divine Word came to our forefathers, yet they did not separate from their wives. But he [Moshe] prides himself on his prophetic accomplishments, so he separates himself from his wife.

מה ת״ל וילך מלמד שנסתלק מאהרן ודבק במרים מפני שלא היה אהרן עסקן בדברים אבל מרים שהיתה עוסקת בדברים (מיד) נענשה יותר

מרים אמרה אלי היה דבור ולא פרשתי מאצל בעלי. אהרן אמר אלי היה דבור ולא פירשתי מאצל אשתי ואף אבותינו הראשונים היה דבור עליהם ולא פרשו מאצל נשותיהן אבל הוא מפני שדעתו גסה עליו פירש הוא מאצל אשתו.

6) Rabbi Samson Raphael Hirsch

When we look through the whole of the Torah for some relation between marital conditions and prophecy the only case we find is in Exodus 19:15 where the people who are to be deemed worthy of receiving the Word of God directly from God, as a preparation for that were to abstain completely from sexual intercourse with their wives. As a matter of fact tradition also explains that the condemnatory remarks of Miriam and Aaron were solely referring to Moses abstaining from sexual intercourse with his wife, a fact which only became known to them on the occasion of the prophecy of the appointed elders. The complaint was entirely in the interest of the wife, for they found it wrong and thought it was nothing about which Moses had been commanded, as they themselves and the Patriarchs before them had been considered worthy to receive the Word of God without thereby having to suffer interruption in their conjugal lives. They overlooked the difference between the stage Moses had reached and their own, and did not know that, when at the conclusion of the Revelation on Sinai the people were told 'Return to your tents' (Deut. 5:27) to return to family life and conjugal intimacy, Moses was commanded to remain separated and given the duty with the words 'But you remain here with Me.'"

7) **Deuteronomy** 5:27 – 28

27) Go, say to them, 'Return to your tents.'

But you remain here with Me, and I will give you the whole Instruction—the laws and the rules—that you shall impart to them, for them to observe in the land that I am giving them to possess."

דברים כז - כח

כז) לֵךְ אֱמָר לָהֶם שָׁוּבוּ לָכֶם לְאָהֶלִיכֶם: כח) וְאִתָּה פֹּה עֲמָד עִמָּדי נִאָדבְּרָה אֵלֶיךְ אֵת כָּל־ הַמִּצְוָה וְהַחֻקִּים וְהַמִּשְׁפָּטִים אֲעֶׁר תְּלִמְדֶם וְעְשָׁוּ בָאָרץ אֵשֶׁר אָנֹכֵי נֹתֵן לָהָם לִרשָׁתַּה: